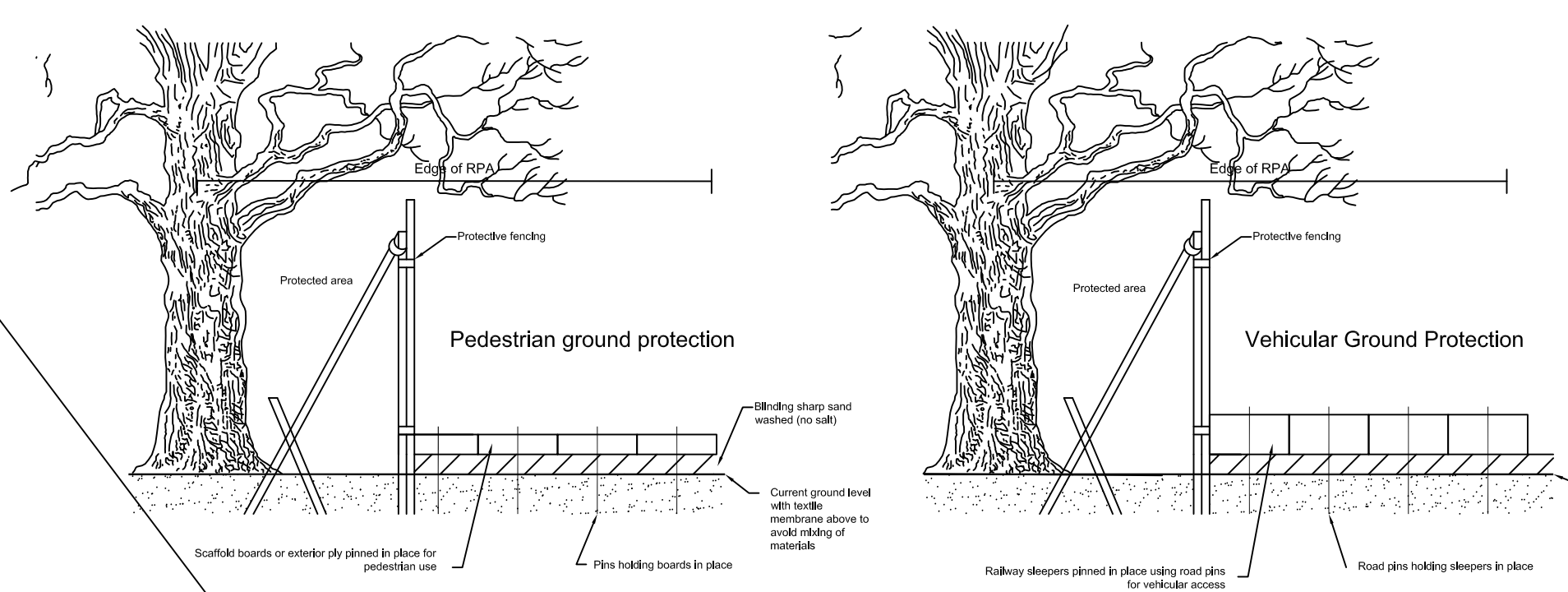
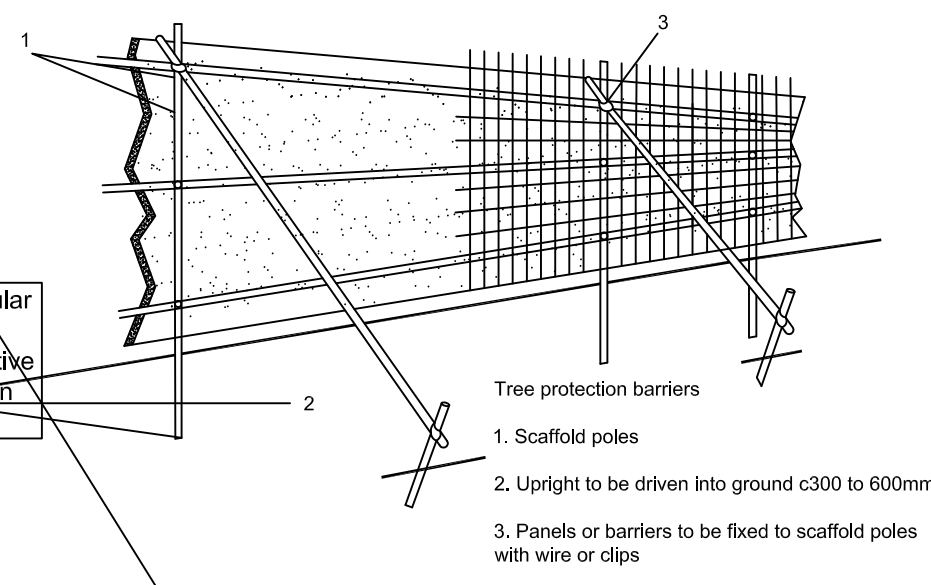




Method Statement Summary / Timing of operations		Date complete
01	Pre-commencement meeting with Local Authority Arboricultural Officer, appointed Arboricultural Consultant (NQF Level 4 or higher in Arboriculture) and Site Manager prior to construction works to discuss the tree protection measures.	
02	Tree works to facilitate development.	
03	Installation of tree protection measures (barriers / ground protection) to facilitate demolition and construction works.	
04	Written approval by the appointed Arboricultural Consultant of the correct installation of the Tree Protection measures to allow demolition and construction.	
05	Construction works with monthly Arboricultural Consultant site monitoring.	
06	Written approval by the appointed Arboricultural Consultant for the removal of the tree protection measures following the completion of the construction and hard landscaping to allow soft landscaping.	
07	Soft landscaping works.	
08	Tree survey for remedial works.	
09	Remedial tree works.	
10	Occupancy.	



Appendix 1: Method Statement

1. A pre-commencement meeting prior to the start of any works between the Local Planning Authority (LPA) Arboricultural Officer, appointed Arboricultural Consultant and Site Manager must take place to clarify any additional protection measures required.

The purpose of the pre-commencement site meeting is to:

- confirm the position of the tree protective fencing and / or ground protection on site;
- discuss any potential conflict with the tree protection measures and identify acceptable solutions;
- understand the timeframe for the construction phases;
- identify and agree the frequency of Arboricultural site monitoring, recording process and reporting procedure to the Local Planning Authority to aid discharge of relevant planning conditions (appointed Arboricultural Consultant to issue written report to Site Manager and Local Planning Authority discussing findings from site monitoring).

To aid the construction phase for the development of the site an Arboricultural Consultant (NQF Level 4 or higher in Arboriculture) must be appointed to inspect and monitor the site at the start of the works and on an as required basis throughout the construction works to ensure that the protection procedures are adhered to and to assist with addressing further arboricultural issues that may arise.

2. Tree works may be required in the interest of good arboricultural practice and to facilitate the use of the site once development is complete. These works are listed in the recommendations of Appendix 2: BS 5837 Tree Survey. All tree works should be carried out according to BS3998: 2010 'Recommendations for tree works' and carried out by an appropriately competent, experienced, qualified and insured arboricultural contractor and preferably under the supervision of the Arboricultural Consultant.

3. The protective measures, as shown on the drawing "Tree protection plan" must be erected after the tree works and prior to any construction works. Once erected, barriers and ground protection must be considered sacrosanct, and must not be removed or altered without prior recommendation by the appointed Arboricultural Consultant and written approval by the LPA.

The protective barriers and ground protection must be erected according to drawings "Tree protection plan" and Appendix 2: S55837 survey sheet. It is based upon the guidelines in S55837: 2012 "Trees in relation to construction". Barriers should be fit for the purpose of excluding construction activity and appropriate to the degree and complexity of work taking place around the retained trees. On all sites, special attention should be paid to ensure that barriers remain rigid and provide a secure working area around the scaffold. Barriers should be made of 2m high horizontal timber or metal wall bracing to resist impacts. Barriers should be spaced at a maximum interval of 2m. On top of the 2m high wall bracing panels, 1.5m high wire mesh panels should be secured with wire or scaffold bands. Woodmesh panels on rubber or concrete feet are not resistant to impact and must not be used. If an alternative specification is preferred then it must be agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority prior to installation.

Ground protection for pedestrian movements (and scaffolding activities) within the root protection area (RPA) must be a single thickness of scaffold boards on top of a compressible layer (for instance bark mulch) laid onto a geotextile membrane, or supported by scaffold (see drawing on Tree Protection Plan). If an alternative specification is preferred then it must be agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority prior to installation.

Ground protection for wheeled or tracked construction traffic movements within the root protection area (RPA) must be designed by an engineer and Arboricultural Consultant to accommodate the likely loading and may involve the use of proprietary systems (for instance www.everttrakway.co.uk) or reinforced concrete slabs or a series of railway sleepers pinned together or other suitable system to ensure that the bulk density of the soil remains lower than 1.5g/cm3. If an alternative specification is preferred then it must be agreed in writing with the Local Planning Authority prior to installation.

These tree protective measures shall be identified and marked on the 'Tree protection plan' and all the approved engineering drawings to be used on site.

Any encroachment within the RPA or breaches of the tree protection measures must be reported to the appointed Arboricultural Consultant to enable them to provide recommendations to mitigate the encroachment / breach and to allow the issue and mitigation to be reported to the Local Planning Authority for their written approval.

4. All site personnel must be briefed by the Site Manager or the Arboriculturalist on the importance of the trees to be retained and the protective measures implemented to aid their retention into the future. The Site Manager is responsible for the implementation of all tree protection measures.

5. Once the construction exclusion zone has been protected by barriers then construction work can commence. All weather notices should be erected on the barriers with words such as "Construction exclusion zone - keep out" (see recommended sign on the Tree Protection Plan).

6. Care should be taken when planning site operations to ensure that wide or tall loads or plant with booms, jibs and counterweights can operate without coming into contact with retained trees. Such contact can result in serious damage to the equipment and retained trees, and might make the safe retention of the retained trees impossible. Consequently, any transit or transverse of plant in close proximity to trees should be conducted under the supervision of a banksman to ensure that adequate clearance from trees is maintained at all times. In some circumstances it may be impossible to maintain adequate clearance thus requiring tree works to lead the necessary access.

Material which will contaminate the soil, e.g. concrete (dry or mixed), diesel, oil, vehicle washings, etc. must not be discharged within the root protection area. It is essential that an allowance should be made for the slope of the ground so that damaging materials such as concrete washings, mortar, diesel or oil cannot run towards the trees.

There must be no fires on the site.

Notice boards, telephone cables or other services must not be attached to any part of the tree.

7. The advice of the appointed Arboricultural Consultant must be sought where underground structures present within the RPA are / will become redundant. In general it is preferable to seal these off as this avoids the need for significant excavation.

8. Any excavations in proximity of retained trees will require certain precautions to avoid unnecessary damage to trees to be retained, and should be undertaken as follows:

- All excavations should avoid damage to the protective bark covering larger roots. Roots, whilst exposed, should be wrapped in dry, clean hessian sacking to prevent desiccation (drying) and to protect from temperature changes.
- Roots smaller than 25mm diameter may be pruned back, preferably to a side branch, using a proprietary clean cutting tool such as bypass secateurs or handsaw.
- Roots larger than 25mm diameter should only be severed following consultation with the appointed Arboricultural Consultant, as the roots may be essential to the tree's health and stability.
- Prior to backfilling, any hessian wrapping should be removed and retained roots should be surrounded by sharp sand (builder's sand should not be used because of its high salt content which is toxic to tree roots), or other loose granular fill, before soil or other material is replaced. This material, e.g. general purpose grade topsoil to BS3882, should be free of contaminants and other foreign objects potentially injurious to tree roots.
- Further details are available in NJUG Volume 4 "Guidance for the planning, installation and maintenance of utility services in proximity of trees".
- Any excavation within the RPA of retained trees must be subject to Arboricultural Consultant supervision.

9. There are no services to be installed within the RPA of the retained trees, other than as described in the Arboricultural Impact Assessment.

10. There should be no changes in grade within the RPA without prior recommendation by the appointed Arboricultural Consultant and approval of the LPA.

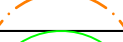
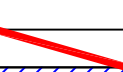
11. Following completion of the construction and hard landscaping works a site meeting between the Local Planning Authority Arboricultural Officer, appointed Arboricultural Consultant and Site Manager must take place to assess whether the protective barriers and ground protection can be removed to allow soft landscaping works.

12. Following the completion of the soft landscaping works a tree survey must be undertaken to identify whether additional tree works are required for the safe use of the site and adjacent land users.

Method statement for the removal of the existing hard surfaces.

RPA refers to the Root Protection Area as detailed in Appendix 2: BS5837 Tree Survey.

- The existing hard surface should be broken up, lifted and removed from the RPA from outside the RPA where feasible, or from existing hard surfaces within the RPA.
- The excavation of the hard surface must not extend into the soil underneath unless specifically determined by the Arboricultural Consultant. In reality this would mean that the teeth of an excavator bucket should be kept horizontal so that any disturbance to the soil is kept to a minimum. When the hard surface is thin or close to the soil level, the works must be carried out by hand to prevent avoidable unnecessary damage to the tree roots.
- All material, once lifted, must be transported to outside the RPA to prevent compaction or contamination of the tree roots. No material should be stored within the RPA.
- Due care and attention must be undertaken to ensure that machinery or other operations do not cause damage to the above ground parts of the tree.
- Where an existing hard surface is removed and replaced with soil the infill material must be a good quality, weed free aerobic natural topsoil with good crumb structure. Man made soils are not acceptable. Soil samples must be issued to the Arboricultural Consultant for written approval prior to delivery on site where the soil is to be installed within the RPA of retained trees.

General / Key: Rooft protection area Indicative canopy Barrier fencing Ground protection Special surface Above ground slab Manual excavation Tree to be removed	 	Site: Land at Moorgreen, Hedge End Data: Site layout and survey data provided by Client. Ordnance survey data provided under licence 100022432. Crown copyright. All rights reserved. This drawing is produced in colour. Please ensure that you use a colour printing to ensure that the drawing is correctly interpreted. This drawing is copyright of Sapling Arboriculture Limited and may not be copied, altered or reproduced in any way without written authority from Sapling Arboriculture Limited. Item reference: T/G/H/WW Item number (1, 2, etc.) B55837 category (A/B/C/U) For instance: T1C	Drawing title: Tree protection plan Drawing reference: J1093.05 Date: March 2019 Scale: 1 to 500 on A1 (site layout only) Sheet: 3 of 3	sapling arboriculture limited registered in england: 5414238 T: 01420 550 160 E: enquires@saplingarboriculture.com W: www.saplingarboriculture.com Ben Abbott Dip. Agr. (RHS), BA (Hons), MCFOR, MRCIS, CEnv Arboricultural Association Registered Consultant
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