

VICTORIA HOUSE HORTON HEATH

SOFT LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT AND MAINTENANCE PLAN



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Checked by:	DKM
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Revision	Date	Details	Revised

1.0 Objectives

- 1.1. To ensure the successful planting operations, establishment, and continued healthy growth through to maturity of the trees, shrubs, and grass.
- 1.2. To achieve a clean, tidy condition and appearance of all external areas.
- 1.3. To ensure that the development provides biodiversity enhancements.

2.0 Background Information

- 2.1. ACD Environmental was commissioned in 2022 to prepare the following documentation:
 - Soft Landscape Proposals
 - Soft Landscape Specification
- 2.2. The controlling authority is Eastleigh Borough Council, which should be consulted on any matters relating to existing trees and the approved ACD detailed landscape proposals for the project.

Eastleigh Borough Council

Eastleigh House

Upper Market St

Eastleigh

SO50 9YN

02380 688000

3.0 Preliminaries

- 3.1. Failures of Plants (Pre-practical Completion): The Contractor entirely at his own cost shall replace any trees, shrubs, or other plants other than those found to be missing or maliciously damaged.
- 3.2. Malicious Damage or Theft before Practical Completion: The Contractor at his own expense shall make all loss or damage arising from theft or malicious damage before practical completion of the entire project good.
- 3.3. Post Practical Completion: The Contractor will carry out the maintenance of trees, shrubs, and grasslands after the date of practical completion until the responsibility is transferred to the new owners or by the appointed Management Company.
- 3.4. Replacement of plants shall take place as many times as is necessary to maintain a complete cover of plants and to maintain the scheme as designed by the Architect, and within the correct season for the type of plant, tree, shrub, and grassland mix.

4.0 General Maintenance

- 4.1. Following installation and after transfer the landscape shall be the responsibility of and maintained in perpetuity by:
- Domestic Owners,
 - Eastleigh Borough Council and their appointed Management Companies (should these be contracted out),
 - Hampshire County Council Highways,
- 4.2. The Developer shall ensure that any landscape contractor employed by the developer shall carry out the periodic maintenance of all planted areas, other than any areas for which the appointed adopted body becomes responsible during the said Maintenance Period. Inspection checks shall be carried out at monthly intervals and the appropriate work carried out.
- 4.3. The Developer shall ensure that any landscape contractor employed by the developer shall carry out in all areas any shrub, tree, grass, and other plants replacements that may be necessary until the transfer of responsibility to the adopted body.

- 4.4. The adopted body shall be responsible for all periodic maintenance and replacement thereafter for all planted areas to which its management agreement relates and shall ensure that any landscape contractor employed by it carries out periodic maintenance of all such areas following the general horticultural schedules below. Either inspection checks shall be carried out by a competent person, a member of the British Association of Landscape Industries (BALI) or the Landscape Institute (LI), acting for the Management Company, at minimum monthly intervals and the appropriate work carried out.

5.0 Existing Trees and Vegetation

- 5.1. All works should be undertaken following the British Standard BS3998:2010 Tree Work Recommendations, by recognised tree contracting companies from the Arboricultural Association's list of registered contractors. Proof of experience and insurance providers will be required. All work shall be undertaken at the appropriate time and with the consent of the Management Company and Local Planning Authority if necessary.
- 5.2. All operations should be carried out sensitively, taking care not to unnecessarily damage the trees that are being worked on or any other neighbouring vegetation. The practice of natural target pruning should be used to ensure that branches are not cut “flush” with the stem, and conversely, a “stub” is not left proud, as in both scenarios it is not possible for the tree to adequately react to the wounding and may lead to an area of decay developing.
- 5.3. All trees on site should be visually checked annually. These checks should be staggered so that the trees are inspected at different times in the year. If any tree displays signs of decline, distress or damage then a competent person should be instructed to carry out a tree inspection where necessary. A comprehensive inspection of all the trees on site should be carried out by a competent person at a maximum interval of every three years.
- 5.4. All arisings from any work carried out, including leaf material, branches, wood chip, and timber should be removed from the site, unless otherwise specified. The work site should be left clean and tidy as instructed.
- 5.5. If large branches or entire trees need to be dismantled it is recommended that a rigging system be used where possible to reduce the risk of damage to surrounding structures and also to reduce ground compaction and deterioration during works. It is preferable if contractors are certificated with NPTC Unit CS41 Dismantling and Rigging.
- 5.6. Heavy Ivy infestation is not recommended in development situations, where wind risk may be a concern. The form of the tree can also be affected and it is therefore

proposed to remove any dense infestation of Ivy if evident or to simply sever any ivy stems at the base of the tree during the maintenance period.

6.0 Amenity Grass (Turf)

- 6.1. Grass shall be cut during the growing season (generally April-October) using a sharp cutter to leave about 30-35mm of growth and remove arisings from the site.
- 6.2. Grass will be cut at intervals of not more than 10-14 days depending on growing conditions. Arisings shall be collected and removed from the site. A dressing of prepared fine fishmeal shall be applied at the rate of 60gms/m squared after the second mowing and the arisings of the cut following are to be allowed to fly.
- 6.3. The sward shall be maintained weed-free by an annual application of a selective weed-killer or other equal and approved as necessary. This is to be used by an appropriately trained and qualified individual.
- 6.4. Grass edges to planted areas to be trimmed to maintain a clear smooth edge to planted beds; trim edges elsewhere but not against trees; spike annually in October.
- 6.5. Should bare patches of grass develop, the area is to be cultivated to 150mm and then seeded with amenity grass seed. To be cross-sown in two directions at right angles to each other, (half the seed is used in each direction) at the rate of 35 gm per square meter and the ground lightly raked over on a still dry day when the top 25mm of soil is dry. Use 'A22 Low maintenance' mix as supplied by Germinal Seeds Ltd, or similar and approved by Local Planning Authority. Germinal Seeds Ltd tel: 01522 868714.

General

- 6.6. This management plan should be made available to the new owners to help outline the principles of the retained habitats and encourage the future management of these areas in perpetuity.

7.0 Wildflower Grassland

- 7.1. All wildflower grassed areas within the gardens shall be the responsibility of the domestic owners, the communal gardens shall be maintained by the appointed Management Company and the Local Planning Authority will be responsible for areas proposed for adoption.
- 7.2. Following the autumn sowing, the wildflower grassland is to be cut in March to 4-7cm if there is sufficient material. It is then to be cut to 4-7cm in early May and to 4cm in September (following flowering).
- 7.3. During the following years, the wildflower grassland is to be cut to 4-7cm in March/April (to remove excess grass) and to 4cm in September/October (following flowering).
- 7.4. All arisings are to be removed from the site.
- 7.5. Any hollows which appear shall be filled in with topsoil and allowed to re-seed naturally.

8.0 Shrub and Tree Planting

- 8.1. Formative tree pruning is to be undertaken until a permanent structurally sound scaffold system of branches typical of the species and appropriate to the site circumstances is produced.
- 8.2. Post-planting management and maintenance of trees shall be following BS8545:2014 section 11 Trees: from nursery to independence in the landscape-recommendations.
- 8.3. A formal assessment of young tree health and development shall be undertaken annually. This assessment shall include foliar appearance, leaf size and leaf canopy density, extension growth, and incremental girth development. Trees shall also be assessed continually throughout the year on an ad hoc basis. Wherever practicable the performance of young trees shall be assessed by testing leaf fluorescence and leaf chlorophyll content.
- 8.4. The density of planting will require that all weeding is carried out by hand, using the appropriate tools. All resultant material should be removed from the site.
- 8.5. The Management Company is responsible for litter picking in those areas that it manages.
- 8.6. All plants shall be inspected monthly for wind firmness and firmed as necessary at the same time. Stakes shall likewise be checked for firmness and all tree and plant ties inspected and made good if required.
- 8.7. All stakes and ties shall be removed as soon as the developing root system is strong enough to support the tree, this is usually after two full growing seasons.
- 8.8. All grilles, grids, guards, and other protective furniture shall be inspected annually and removed as soon as it is no longer needed to protect the tree or where it is causing damage to the tree.
- 8.9. The soil around newly planted trees shall be regularly inspected for soil capping or compaction and remedial action is taken if needed.

- 8.10. All trees shall be checked regularly for mammal, human, or other external damage, and remedial action is taken where necessary.
- 8.11. Minor pruning of dead or damaged wood shall be carried out annually. All wounds must not be treated with a sealant as per BS3998:2010 Tree Works Recommendations. On substantial trees, the Local Planning Authorities Tree Officer must be consulted for any necessary approvals.
- 8.12. Watering: All plants are to be well watered immediately after planting operations. To be wet to the full depth of topsoil or wet to field capacity using either potable mains water, recycled or treated greywater. If there is any surface compaction the soil is to be loosened to direct water to the root zone, taking care not to damage or loosen plants. Watering operations are to be undertaken as many times as necessary to ensure the continued thriving of all planting materials. Any failures due to drought shall be replaced by the Management Company/ies at their own cost.
- 8.13. Water restrictions: If the water supply is, or is likely to be, restricted by emergency legislation, submit proposals for an alternative suitable source of water. Obtain instructions before proceeding.

- 8.14. All planted areas shall be given an application of an approved top dressing at the rate of 40g/m² in May. This should be in the slow-release form e.g. Enmag or similar. This should be worked lightly into the soil, without disturbing the roots, before the bark mulch is re-spread. Unless specific nutritional deficiencies are identified, no fertiliser shall be applied to newly planted trees in the first season. If visual inspection points to nutrient deficiency further investigation of causes will be necessary. Remedial action may include additional fertiliser application, pH testing, assessment of organic content, and levels of compaction.
- 8.15. Shrubs shall be maintained in a balanced shape and shall be annually pruned to allow for this. Any growth which will obscure windows, signs, or sight-lines shall be removed. Once established, any support canes shall be removed from the shrubs. Trailing and climbing material shall be assisted in its growth by securing growing leaders where necessary.
- 8.16. Groundcover planting species have been specified so as not to exceed 600mm in height. However, should planting exceed expectations, this should be carefully cut down to below 600mm in height to avoid interference with visibility.
- 8.17. The bark mulch should be maintained at an even spread, 75mm deep, of consistent thickness, to ensure that it is effective as a weed suppressant and moisture conserver. Following any maintenance operations and on a bi-annual basis, the mulch shall be supplemented to allow for any material which may have been lost.
- 8.18. No plant substitutions to be made without the prior written agreement of the Local Authority Landscape Section.

9.0 Hedgerows

- 9.1. Hedge maintenance operations are to be carried out in line with general principles as outlined in the previous section, including clauses detailing litter removal, weeding, trimming, removal of dead plants, and reinstatement of plant materials.
- 9.2. Around free standing hedges a 3 strand galvanised wire and tanalised softwood timber post fence, to BS1722 Part 3:1986 Fences, specification for strained wire fences, is to be erected to run through the centre of the proposed hedgerow. This is to prevent access through the site by pedestrians until the hedges are fully established. After five years, the hedges have been fully established. The temporary fences are to be removed from the site.
- 9.3. Trimming of established hedges: Hedges are to have lateral branches moderately trimmed with the hedge allowed to reach planned height as rapidly as possible. Once at the desired height then the tops of the hedge can be trimmed as necessary to maintain a dense formal hedge.
- 9.4. Trimming of established existing hedges: Hedges are to be carefully trimmed to maintain a neat and regular line and shape, with the width at the top less than that at the base. Current growth is to be removed rather than old wood.
- 9.5. Trimming of field hedges: Hedges are to be trimmed to specified height and profile using suitable mechanical cutters.
- 9.6. Hedge Heights: Hedges to be maintained in a neatly clipped form to a maximum height of 1m as shown on original landscape proposals.

10.0 Maintenance Schedules

Every week

- All plants shall be watered following 10 days without rain. Then weekly until natural rainfall during June – August.

Every two weeks

- Amenity Grass to be cut every 10-14 days

Every month

- Weed control shall be allowed at monthly intervals. All areas to be weeded by hand.
- All plants shall be inspected monthly for wind firmness and firmed as necessary at the same time. Stakes shall likewise be checked for firmness and tree ties checked.

Every six months

- The bark mulch should be topped up bi-annually
- Grass cutting to Wildflower areas – cut in line with the guidance given in section 7.0
- Hedges to be managed – cut in line with the guidance given in section 9.0
- After two years tree stakes and ties are usually ready to be removed.

Annual

- Replacement of any failed trees or shrubs will be allowed annually to ensure that the planting areas are fully stocked at all times.
- Any hollows which appear due to the settlement shall be top dressed annually, early in the growing season.
- Minor pruning of dead or damaged wood shall be allowed annually.
- All planted areas and trees shall be given an application of an approved top dressing in May. Not in Wildflower areas.
- Shrubs shall be maintained in a balanced shape and prevented from obscuring signs, windows, and encroaching on paths.

- Check for invasive species as mentioned earlier and remove them from the site.
- Undertake a formal assessment of young tree health and development.
- Tree grilles, grids, and guards shall be inspected and if necessary removed.
- An annual inspection of play equipment with operations conducted to ensure that safe use of the facility is maintained.

Any amendments to the landscape management plan required to ensure a good planting scheme should be submitted to the LPA for approval. The LPA may draw the managing company's attention to defects in the maintenance or failure to comply with the landscape management plan and require that the Management Company rectify these defects or apply for a variation to the landscape management plan.

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