

DELEGATED OFFICER REPORT

Application Ref: H/23/96014

Site Address: 8 HOLLOWAY MEWS, FAIR OAK, EASTLEIGH, SO50 7HW

Case Officer: Dorothy Hei-Tung-Hoh

Description: Roof light window on rear elevation. Garden Shed (Retrospective Application)

Particular Site Constraints?	Yes ☒	No ☐
• Within Established Residential Area		

Planning History?	Yes ☐	No ☒
There does not appear to be any planning history relating to the site.		

Publicity:	Letters ☒	Site Notice ☐	Newspaper ☐
Representations:	No comments were received		
Parish Council:	No objection		

Site Visit:	Yes ☒	No ☐
Details: 5 th October 2023		

Policy:
National Planning Policy Framework Planning Practice Guidance
Development Plan: The <u>Eastleigh Borough Local Plan 2016-2036</u> The most relevant policies are Strategic policies S1 and S2; and Development Management policies DM1, DM2, DM11 and DM14.
Supplementary Planning Documents: Quality Places; Residential Parking Standards; Character Area Appraisals.

Assessment:
The application property is a two-storey semi-detached dwelling situated within a newly constructed estate in Fair Oak. Positioned facing a public green area, the property's parking facility is located at the rear. The application seeks retrospective planning permission to retain a roof window located on the rear roof slope, as well as a garden shed.
<u>Principle</u>
• The application site lies within an established residential area where the basic principle of development is acceptable, with any formal approval being based upon the exact nature, design, and impact of that proposed being considered acceptable and in accordance with the relevant policies within the adopted local plan and supplementary planning guidance.

Character and Design

- Policy DM1 of the Eastleigh Borough Local Plan (2016-2036) stipulates that all new development should respect the character and appearance of urban areas, take full and proper account of the context of the site including the character, appearance and land uses of the locality or neighbourhood, and be compatible in terms of mass, scale, layout density, design, and siting.
- The roof window is considered a modest addition to the host dwellinghouse, which integrates unobtrusively onto the roof slope without drawing attention or altering the property's appearance significantly. Within the wider street scene, the roof window remains inconspicuous and therefore does not cause any harmful impacts on the overall street scene.
- As for the garden shed, its placement at the bottom of the rear garden and modest dimensions ensures the retention of sufficient amenity space without overdeveloping the application site. Despite the top of the shed being visible from the public realm due to its 2.2m height, the shed's colour, and material blend harmoniously with the existing fencing, effectively mitigating its visual impact within the surrounding area.

Impact on Residential Amenity

- Policy DM1 of the Eastleigh Borough Local Plan (2016-2036) amongst other matters, stipulate that all new development should not have an unacceptable impact upon residential amenities of both new and existing residents.
- The roof window, owing to its nature and elevation, does not give rise to any adverse impacts on neighbouring properties in terms of loss of privacy or overlooking.
- Similarly, the garden shed, due to its nature, position, and dimensions, is not deemed to pose any potential negative impacts on neighbouring properties' residential amenities.

Trees and landscaping

- The site does not contain any trees offered protection by a tree preservation order. Furthermore, the proposal has been deemed not to be in conflict with any trees or landscape features of particular amenity to the area. There are no likely significant impacts on the SPA.

Highways and Parking

- Policy DM14 of the Eastleigh Borough Local Plan (2016-2036) requires residential development to provide off-highway parking which is adequate in terms of highway safety/traffic management.
- The proposal does not impact upon the current parking provisions.

Climate Change:

In July 2019, the Council declared a Climate Change and Environmental Emergency. In doing so it agreed, among other things, to: (a) put in place measures to ensure the Council's own operations and functions achieve carbon neutrality by 2025; (b) work with partners to aim for all projects and services delivered in the Borough to achieve carbon neutrality by 2030; (c) ensure that the Council's procurement policy recognises carbon neutrality as one of its primary considerations; and (d) recognise the urgency of action to

mitigate and adapt to climate change in every decision taken by the Council. This is underpinned by the Climate and Environment Emergency Strategy 2020–2030 and the supporting Climate and Environmental Emergency Action Plan – Update June 2020.

The declaration of the Climate Change and Environmental Emergency demonstrates a strong commitment from the Council to achieve net zero. The NPPF, development plan and adopted local plan policy do not set this as a specific target, but it is a material consideration to be considered alongside all other material considerations. In any case addressing climate change is a core part of the NPPF and local plan policy. The need to support the economy is part of the Strategic Environmental Assessment for the adopted local plan, as is an assessment of climate impacts.

The NPPF, Policies S1, DM2 and DM3 of the Local Plan and energy and water elements of the adopted Environmentally Sustainable Development SPD require development to be sustainable in terms of resource use, climate change and energy use. When considering the impact of climate change, the proposed development is expected to be resilient to the potential effects of climate change.

Equalities Implications:

Section 149 of the Equalities Act 2010 created the public sector equality duty. Section 149 states:

- A public authority must, in the exercise of its functions, have due regard to the need to:
 - a. eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other conduct that is prohibited by or under this Act;
 - b. advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it;
 - c. foster good relations between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it.

When making policy decisions, the Council must take account of the equality duty and in particular any potential impact on protected groups. It is considered that this application does not raise any equality implications

Conclusion:

- Permit subject to conditions

Recommendation:

PERMIT ☒

REFUSE ☐

Comments